

MATH UNIT 2 Vocabulary + Essential Questions ENGLISH/BANGLA

act out	অভিনয় করা	Actuar	divide	ভাগ করা	dividir
dream	স্বপ্ন দেখা	soñar	find	খোঁজ করা	buscar
move	নড়াচড়া করা	mover	solve	সমস্যা সমাধান করা	resolver
play	খেলা করা	jugar	measure	মাপ দেয়া	medir
ask	জিজ্ঞাসা	Preguntar	Resolve	ব্যাখ্যা করা	Resolver
forget	ভুলে যাওয়া	olvidar	explain	ব্যাখ্যা করা	explicar
become	হওয়া	llegar a ser	calculate	সিঁচাব করা	calcular
try	চেষ্টা করা	tratar	Journey	ভ্রমণ	Viaje
forgive	ক্ষমা করা	perdonar	count	গননা করা	contar
arrive	নেমে আসা	llegar	translate	অনুবাদ করা	traducir
prepare	তৈরি করা	Preparar	drink	পান করা	tomar
cry	বান্না করা	llorar	compete	অন্তর্পূর্ণ করা	competir
understand	বুঝতে পারা	comprender	buy	কেনা	Comprar
			read	পড়া	leer

Unit 2, Set 1 Essential Questions

English	Bangla	Bangla Phonetic
How do we represent parts of a whole using words, numbers, and symbols?	(. ≥Ā≠á,∅\$. iĀ5 (\$ AĀ (i(ĴĀ9 Ē5 9 r- ∅" Ć) - \$ Ē≠- \$ ≠ĀĀ-Ē AĀ) Ā 1 [3Ā } 9 AĀ?	amra sobdo,songkha, ebong chinno babohar kore ekti sompurno ongsher ongshoguloke kivabe upposthapon kori?
What strategies can we use to solve problems with parts of a whole?	(. ≥Ā5 9 r- [Ć)\$. iĀĀĒ/ ∅. ∅iĀ∅. ĀĀ 9 ≥Ā) } i AĀ Ē Ī≠ (i(ĴĀ9 ≥Ē [ĀĀ?	amra ekti purno songkha die somossa somadhaner jonno ki koushol babohar korte pari?
How can we represent amounts less than one whole?	(. ≥Ā AĀ Ā একা ĒĀ - \$ Ē≠ Ē AĀ) Ā 1 [3Ā } 9 ≥Ē [ĀĀ?	amra porimane ek puro ongsher kom ke kivabe upposthapon korte pari?

Unit 2, Set 1 Vocabulary

English	Bangla	Bangla Phonetic
express	ρ9 Ā≠ 9 ≥Ā	prokash kora
cut into	Ē Ā 9 Ē5 9 ĀĀ	choto kore kata
divide*	AĀ) Ī 9 ≥Ā	bivokto kora*
eighth*	- y. *	osthom*
fifth*	[r . *	[r . *

fourth*	- > ॐ†	choturtho*
half	- ॐ†	ordhek
ninth*	नवम*	nobom*
represent	(< † Ā ≥ Ā	bornona kora
seventh*	ॐμ. *	soptom*
sixth*	ॐX *	chostho*
slice	- \$ ≠	ongsho
split equally	ॐ. Ā) Ā Ā) †	somanvabe bivokto
tenth*	*	doshom*
third*	> ॐ √*	tritio*
twelfth*	ॐĀ ≠ *	dadosh*
equal-sized	ॐ. Ā (9 Ā	soman akar
part	- \$ ≠	ongsho
piece	† ≥ Ā	tukra
whole	ॐ. d'	somoggro
denominator*	*	hor*
numerator*	*	lob*
fair share	} i Ā i) Ā	najjo vag
fraction) č Ā ≠	vognangsho
part to whole	[ॐ Ā \$ ≠	puro ongsho

greater than* (larger, largest, bigger, biggest, taller, tallest, longer)	- $\bar{E} \hat{W} \bar{A} \hat{C}$ ($\bar{C} \bar{a} \bar{e} \geq^*$ ($\bar{\partial}$, $\bar{C} \bar{a} \bar{e}$, $\bar{\partial}$, $\bar{\Delta}$ ($\bar{E} \bar{E} / (\bar{\partial}, \approx'$ \bar{A} , $\bar{\Delta}$ ($\bar{E} \bar{E} / \approx'$ \bar{A} \bar{i} \bar{s} \bar{h} $\bar{\cdot}$))	Opekhakrito brihottor* (boro, brihothomo, boro ,sobcehe boro, lomba, sobceye lomba, dhirgotomo)
less than* (smaller, smallest, shorter, shortest)	- $\bar{E} \hat{W} \bar{A} \hat{C}$ \bar{K} \bar{M} ($\bar{E} \bar{A}$, $\bar{W} \bar{M}$ $\bar{\cdot}$, $\bar{A} \bar{H} \bar{Y}$ $\bar{\cdot}$)	Opekhakrito kom* (choto, khudrotomo, khato, solpotomo)

Unit 2, Set 2 Essential Questions

English	Bangla	Bangla Phonetic
What strategies can we use to compare equivalent and non-equivalent fractions?	($\bar{\cdot} \geq \bar{A} \bar{\cdot} > \bar{D} \bar{i} \bar{s}$ ($\bar{\cdot}$ $\bar{\Delta}$ $\bar{\cdot}$ $\bar{C} \bar{A} \bar{\neq} > \bar{D} \bar{E}$ } \bar{A} $\bar{\cdot}$ $\bar{E} \bar{A} \bar{E} \bar{I} \bar{\neq}$ (\bar{i} ($\bar{A} \bar{E}$ $\bar{\cdot}$ $\bar{A} \bar{E}$?	amra somotullo ebong osomotulo vognangsho tulona korte kon koushol babohar korte pari?

Unit 2, Set 2 Vocabulary

English	Bangla	Bangla Phonetic
estimate	$\bar{H} \bar{\Delta} \bar{A}$	hisab
incorrect) \bar{D}	vul
predict*/prediction* (guess)) $\bar{A} \bar{\infty} \bar{\Theta} \bar{A} \bar{\Delta} \geq \bar{A}^*$ / $\bar{A} \bar{\infty} \bar{\Theta} \bar{A} \bar{\Delta}^*$ ($\bar{\cdot}$ } $\bar{C} \bar{A}$)	vobissotbani kora*/vobissatbani
number line	$\bar{\Delta}^{\bar{s}}$. $\bar{i} \bar{A} \bar{E} \geq \bar{A}$	songkha rekha

point	।'᳚	bindu
decrease/decreasing	᳚᳚ / १ · ᳚	haras/ komche
increase/increasing	(᳚ / (᳚	briddhi / briddhi
multiples*	᳚᳚ १ *	gunitok*
ratio table*	- }᳚ ᳚ ᳚*	onupath table*
simplest form*	सहजतम। · ᳚	sohojtomo form*
simplify* (reduce)	१ ≥ ᳚ (१ · ᳚ ᳚	sohojtor kora*(komano)
correct	᳚᳚ १	shotthik
equal to*	᳚ · ᳚*	soman*
greater than* (larger/bigger/longer)	- ᳚ ᳚᳚ (᳚᳚* ((᳚᳚ / (᳚ / ᳚᳚᳚ ·)	opekkhakrito brihottor* (brihottomo, boro, dhirghiotomo)
less than* (smaller/shorter)	- ᳚ ᳚᳚᳚ * (᳚ ᳚ / · ᳚)	opekkhakrito kom (choto / khato)
divided into* (split into)	(᳚) ᳚) * ᳚) ᳚	(᳚) ᳚) * ᳚) ᳚
equivalent* (same)	᳚ · ᳚᳚᳚ * ()	somotullo*(ekoy)
comparison	᳚᳚} ᳚	tulona
equivalent relationships	᳚ · ᳚᳚᳚ ᳚᳚ १᳚	somotullo somporko
evaluate	· ᳚᳚᳚}	mullayon

Unit 2, Set 3 Essential Questions

English	Bangla	Bangla Phonetic
What strategies and math tools can we use to solve problems with fractions?	(. ≥ĀĒ Ā Ē Ĩ ≈ 5 (\$ - ĝ ঐঐঐ (i(jĀ, ≥Ē [ĀĒ) ĉĀ ≠ ĞĒ Ğ · ĞiĀ Ğ · ĀĀ ≥) } i?	amra kon koushol ebong ongko er sutro babohar korte pari vognangsho er songe somossa somadhaner jonno?

Unit 2, Set 3 Vocabulary

English	Bangla	Bangla Phonetic
add*	jog*	jog*
difference*	[Ā ħ i *	parthokko*
subtract*/take away*	ĀĒ/Ā, ≥Ā* / ĞĀĒ/ Ğ 7 √Ā	biyog kora*/soriye naoya
sum*	ĒĀ] ≈ *	jogfol*
button	Ē Ā Ā	botam
clear	[ĀĒĀ	poriskar
press	- Ā	chap
unlike denominator*	- ĞiĒ *	hor osoddis
lowest terms*	Ğ(Ā* Ĩ*	sorbonimno pod*
product*	[< i *	ponno*

English	Bangla	Bangla Phonetic
decimal fraction*	১০ ভাগে ভাগ করা অংশ*	doshomic vognangsho*
decimal point	১০ ভাগে ভাগ করার চিহ্ন	doshomic bindu
bills	পত্রিকা	note
cent*	শতভাগের একভাগ*	cents*
coins	মুদ্রা	poysha
dime	শতভাগের একভাগের মুল্য	dosh cent muller mudra
dollar*	ডলার*	ডলার*
money*	পয়সা	ortho*
nickel	নিকেল	nickel
penny	পেনি	penny
quarter	কোয়ার্টার	siki
equal to*	সমান*	soman*
greater than*	বড়*	opekkhakrito brihottor*
less than*	ছোট*	opekkhakrito kom*
hundredths*	শতভাগের একভাগ	sototomo*
tenths*	দশভাগের একভাগ*	doshomangsho*
thousandths*	হাজার ভাগের একভাগ*	hajar*
wholes	সমগ্র	

equivalent* (same)	◊ · > Ęi * (একই)	somotullo*(ekoy)
decimals	i ≠ A ₉	doshomic

Unit 2, Set 5 Essential Questions

English	Bangla	Bangla Phonetic
What strategies and math tools can we use to solve problems with decimals?	<p> ৳ Ā ৳ Ĭ ≈ 5 (\$, A₉) ◊ ≥ Ā (· ≥ Āi ≠ A₉) ◊ · ◊ i Ā ◊ · Ā Ā 9 ≥ Ā) } i (i (Ā 9 ≥ Ē [Ā ? </p>	<p> kopn koushol ebong gonith soronjam amra dosomic er somossaa somadhan korar jonno babhar korte pari? </p>

Unit 2, Set 5 Vocabulary

English	Bangla	Bangla Phonetic
buy/bought	৳ } Ā A ₉ Ē A ₉ ≈ Ā	kena ? kinecilam
combine	5 9 " 9 ≥ Ā	ekottro kora
cost	· Ęi	mullo
grocery store/market	· ৳ ৳ Ā Ā / · Ā ħ	mudi dokhan / market
price	i Ā	dham
sum*	৳ Ā] ≈ *	jogfo*

borrow*	{ $\bar{A}_9 \geq \bar{A}$	dhar kora*
change	[$A_1 (\bar{A})$	poriborton
charge	- $A \bar{E} \bar{A}$	ovijog
difference*	[$\bar{A} \bar{A} i^*$	parthokko*
pay/paid	[$A \bar{E} \bar{A}_9 \geq \bar{A}$	porishod kora
product*	[$< i^*$	ponno*
recipe	$\rho < \bar{A} \bar{A}$	pronali
repeated addition*	[$\bar{A} \geq \bar{A} \bar{A} \bar{E} \bar{A}^*$	punarabritto jog*
quotient*) $\bar{A}] \approx^*$	vagfol*
repeated subtraction*	[$\bar{A} \geq \bar{A} \bar{A} \bar{E} \bar{A}^*$	punarabritto biyog*
regroup* (trade)	$\diamond^s_s (E^* ((\bar{A}_1) i)$	songhoboddho*(ban ijjo)
replace	$\rho A_3 \bar{A} \}_9 \geq \bar{A}$	protistapon kora
purchase	$\bar{U} \sqrt{\quad}$	kroy

Unit 2, Set 6 Essential Questions

English	Bangla	Bangla Phonetic
How do we represent a part out of a whole as a ratio and a percent?	($\cdot \geq \bar{A}_9 r^- \} \bar{A}_5 (\$$ $5_9 r^- \neq \bar{A} \neq A_1 \diamond \bar{A} [\bar{E} \bar{A}$ $5_9 r^- \$ \neq A_1) \bar{A}_1 [3 \bar{A} \}$ $9 A_1 ?$	amra ekta onupath ebong ekta sotangsho hisebe puro ekta onsho kivabe upposthapon kori?

How do we solve problems with ratios, proportions, and percents?	$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$ ($\cdot \geq \bar{A}$ } $\bar{C} \bar{A}$, $\diamond \bar{A} \bar{C} \bar{A} ,_5 (\$ \neq 9 \geq \bar{A} \bar{C} \bar{A}$ $\diamond \diamond i \bar{A} \diamond \bar{A} \bar{A} 9 \bar{A} ?$	kivabe amra onupath,somanupath ebong sothkora dara somossar somadhan kori?
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Unit 2, Set 6 Vocabulary

English	Bangla	Bangla Phonetic
per hundred* (out of one hundred)	$\neq 9 \geq \bar{A}^*$ ($\cdot \bar{E} i$)	sothkora*(ekshoto er moddhe)
rate*	- } $\bar{C} \bar{A}^*$	onupath*
convert*	$\geq \bar{C} \bar{A} \geq^*$	rupantor*
equivalent* (same)	$\diamond \cdot \bar{D} i^*$ ()	somotullo*(ekoy)
representation*	$1 [3 \bar{A}]^*$	uposthapon
colon	$\bar{E} \bar{A}$	colon
part to part*	- \$ $\neq \bar{E} \bar{E} - \$ \neq^*$	ongsho theke ongsho*
part to whole*	[$\bar{E} \bar{A} \$ \neq^*$	puro ongsho
equivalent ratios*	$\diamond \cdot \bar{D} i - } \bar{C} \bar{A}^*$	somotullo onupath*
factor*	$\bar{A} \bar{E} \} i \sqrt{9}^*$	guniniyok*
percent proportion*	$\neq \bar{A} \neq - } \bar{C} \bar{A}^*$	sotangsho onupath
proportion*/proportional relationship*	- } $\bar{C} \bar{A}^* / (} \bar{C} \bar{A} 9$ $\diamond \bar{A} 9 \bar{A}^*$	onupath* / anupathik somporoko*
ratio table*	- } $\bar{C} \bar{A} \bar{E} \bar{A} \approx^*$	onupath table*

missing term	- }C A > E √A	onupostit meyard
coupons	oC }	kupon
discount	(A	char
percent/percentage	⇒ A ≠ / ⇒ A ≠	sotangsho / sotangsho
ratio	- }C A	onupath

Unit 2, Set 7 Vocabulary

English	Bangla	Bangla Phonetic
directions	A, A E	dhiknirdes
ingredients	1 [A A A E A	upadangulo
measurements	[A A	porimap
recipe	p < A ~	pronali
serving size	[A E ≠ B ≥ [A A	poribesoner porimap
servings	[A E ≠	poribeshion
adjust	o · n √, ≥ A	somonnoy kora
doubling*	A, *	dito*
halving*	({ A (A, E) A, ≥ A*	adha adhi kore vag kora*
budget	(A -	budget
coupons	oC }	kupon
grocery store/market	· A E A A / · A	mudi dokhan /

		market
price	ḹ	dham
shopping list	ḹ } ḹ ḹ ḹ > ḹ ḹ ḹ	kenakatar talika
total*	ḹ ḹ *	mot*